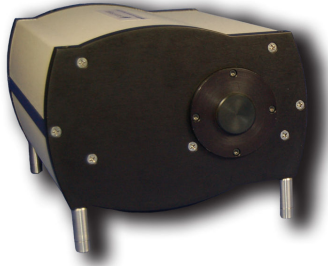


# Gooch & Housego



## HSi-300 Hyperspectral Imaging Systems

*Solutions for the Life Sciences*

Gooch and Housego's patented acousto-optic tunable filter (AOTF) imaging module fulfills the promise of multispectral and hyperspectral imaging through unmatched spectral flexibility and switching speed.

The performance capabilities of this technology make it ideally suited for high-content, high-throughput fluorescence studies as well as spectral transmission and reflectance imaging. Potential applications range from live cell and whole animal studies to fixed slide clinical diagnostics.

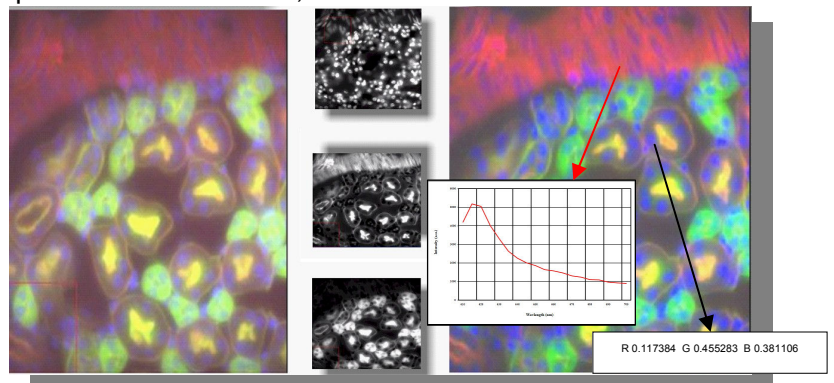
### Multispectral and Hyperspectral Imaging

In multispectral and hyperspectral imaging, a series of images of an object are acquired at many different wavelengths so that the complete spectrum of each pixel is available, which is represented as an image cube. Coupled with transmission and fluorescence microscopy techniques, hyperspectral imaging enables fast and quantitative image analysis.

### What is an acousto-optic tunable filter (AOTF)?

Our patented AOTF is a high-speed, high-throughput random-access solid-state optical filter with an adjustable optical passband and exceptionally high rejected light levels. Gooch & Housego's proprietary AOTF technology delivers diffraction-limited image quality with variable bandwidth resolution down to within 1.5 nm. Wavelength switching time, including computer control overhead, is a few hundred microseconds.

Gooch and Housego's HSi-300 Hyperspectral Imaging System features an AOTF-based spectral filter system, instrument driver control and control module, and a powerful, intuitive image capture and hyperspectral analysis software suite. The HSi-300 now features  $\mu$ -Manager plug-ins, a free and open source application software platform for imaging and control of automated microscopes on multiple operating systems (Windows, Mac, and Linux).  $\mu$ -Manager offers a flexible and powerful image capture and processing package at no cost to the user. The HSi-300 is integrated with DVC cameras and the Andor iXon EMCCD family of scientific cameras, and soon will be integrated with Hamamatsu and Photometrics.



Left-Right: Raw mouse kidney section (Fluo-3) DAPI nuclei, Alexa 488 glomeruli and tubules; Alexa 568 actin and brush boarder. Unmixed blue, red, and green images. Quantitative classified image using Gooch and Housego's AOTF technology.

Contact: [sales@goochandhousego.com](mailto:sales@goochandhousego.com)

[www.goochandhousego.com](http://www.goochandhousego.com)

*As part of our policy of continuous product improvement, we reserve the right to change specifications at any time*



**Applications**

Powerful image capture and hyperspectral analysis tools facilitate both research tasks and dedicated process applications development.

**Biological Research**

A number of fluorescence microscopy research techniques benefit from the speed and resolution of Gooch and Housego’s hyperspectral imaging technology:

- Immunohistochemistry
- Quantum Dots (Q-Dots)
- Fluorescence in-situ hybridization (FISH)
- Fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET)
- Spectral Karyotyping (SKY)

**Medical Diagnostics**

Gooch and Housego’s technology has the potential to take high-content/ - throughput analysis to a new level.

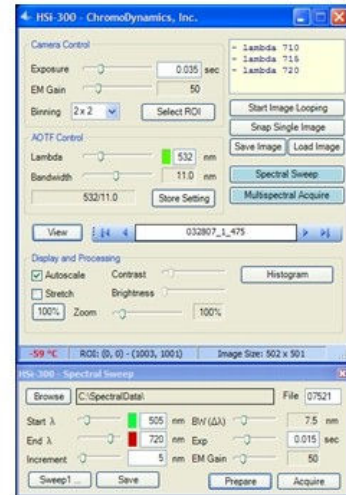
**AOTF versus Other Spectral Imaging Techniques**

While liquid crystal tunable filters (LCTFs) have broad tuning capabilities, their bandwidth is fixed and switching times are typically more than 50 milliseconds with significantly lower throughput than AOTFs.

In Fournier transform imaging spectroscopy (FTIS), an interferometer is used to acquire imaging data at a variety of settings, and the resulting data transformed to provide a spectral image set. With FTIS, the choice of wavelengths and bandwidths cannot be changed and all wavelengths have to be captured regardless of application interest, a process that typically takes tens of seconds.

In tomographic imaging, light is bounced off of a diffraction grating, separated, and captured on a single CCD chip for subsequent processing and extraction of the spectral information, a slow and computationally intense procedure with limited imaging resolution.

Unlike these techniques, AOTFs allow wavelength and bandwidth to be changed at will. It takes less than 100 microseconds to change settings, capabilities that are ideal for high-throughput multiprobe imaging.



Tuning.....	450 – 800 nm, 500 – 900 nm, custom ranges available
Bandwidth.....	1.5 nm (@ 450 nm), 3.5 nm (@ 800 nm)
.....	variable (1 to 16x) at each center wavelength
Accuracy.....	± 1 nm (est temperature variance ± 5° C)
Repeatability.....	± 0.5 nm
Out-of-band rejection.....	1:10 <sup>-3</sup>
Optical output polarization.....	linearly polarized
Total device efficiency.....	~ 30% across tuning range
Switching speed.....	< 100 µs
Image quality.....	diffraction-limited
Control interface.....	PC-USB
Microscope port/ lens mounting.....	standard C-mount
Application software.....	Image capture and Hyperspectral Image Analysis Suite
Operating system.....	Windows XP®
Operating temperature.....	15°C to 35°C
Weight (w/o camera).....	10.0 lbs (4.53 kg)
Weight (w/ camera).....	14.0 lbs (6.35 kg)
Dimensions (including Andor iXON camera).....	8.00 in (W) x 5.50 (H) in x 16.42 in (D) 20.3 cm (W) x 14.0 cm (H) x 41.7 cm (D)
Reliability (est for AO devices in general, based on Q-Switch Devices)	> 100,000 hrs MTBF

Contact: sales@goochandhousego.com

www.goochandhousego.com

*As part of our policy of continuous product improvement, we reserve the right to change specifications at any time*

